

China Mail

Established February, 1845.

VOL. XL. No. 8523.

號十二月六年四十八百八十一英

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, JUNE 20, 1884.

日廿月五年申甲

PRICE, \$2 PER MONTH.

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON.—F. AGAR, 11 & 12, Clement's Lane, Lambeth Street, E. C. George Street & Co., 30, Cornhill, Gordon & Gotoh, Liggett Circus, E. C. Bates Henty & Co., 37, Watkyns Street, E. C. Samuel Dragoon & Co., 150 & 154, Leadenhall Street.

PARIS AND EUROPE.—GALLIEN & PRINCE, 30, Rue Lafayette, Paris.

NEW YORK.—ANDREW WIND, 21, Park Row.

AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.—GORDON & GOTOH, Melbourne and Sydney.

SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports generally.—BEAN & BLACK, San Francisco.

SINGAPORE, STRAITS, &c.—SAYLE & CO., Singapore.

CHINA.—MUNIZ A. DE MELLO & CO., Macao.

AMoy, WILSON, NICHOLAS & CO., Foochow, HEDGE & CO., Shanghai, LANE, CRAWFORD & CO., and KELLY & WALSH, Yokohama, LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

Bank.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL, \$3,000,000.
INSTALLMENT RECEIVED ON 2,074,744.76
NEW SHARES, 87,074,744.75

RESERVE FUND, \$2,500,000.
INSTALLMENT OF PREMIUM FUND
COV'D ON NEW SHARES, 1,563,361.66
\$4,063,361.66

COURT OF DIRECTORS.
Chairman—A. P. McEWEN, Esq.
Deputy Chairman—H. D. SASSOON,
C. D. BORTON, M. CHOTE, Esq.
Esq. H. L. DALRYMPLE, A. Glintzow, Esq.
H. W. FORBES, Esq. A. M. LEVY, Esq.
W. H. FORBES, Esq. W. H. SASSOON, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER.
Hongkong, THOMAS JACKSON, Esq.
MANAGER.
Shanghai, EWEN CAMERON, Esq.
LONDON BANKERS.—London and County Bank.

HONGKONG.
INTEREST ALLOWED.

ON Current Deposit Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

For Fixed Deposits:
For 3 months, 2 per cent. per annum.
" 6 " 4 per cent. " "
" 12 " 6 per cent. " "

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Draws granted on London, and the chief Commercial Places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

T. JACKSON,
Chief Manager,
Offices of the Corporation,
No. 1, Queen's Road East.
Hongkong, April 2, 1884. 583

Intimations.

HOP SHING & CO.,
ENGINEERS, BOILER MAKERS,
COPPER SMITHS, BRASS & IRON
FOUNDERS, &c.

WEST POINT IRON WORKS.

HAVING This Day commenced Business, are ready to undertake work of the above Descriptions under the Supervision of an EXPERIENCED EUROPEAN.

Orders executed with the utmost despatch and at moderate terms.

24th September, 1883. 611

COLONIE DE LA COCHINCHINE.

CONTRIBUTIONS INDIRECTES.

CONFORMEMENT aux dispositions arrêtées par le CONSEIL COLONIAL dans sa séance du 23 Décembre dernière.

Les personnes qui désirent établir en Cochinchine des distilleries d'appareil perfectionné pour la transformation des riz et autres matières premières destinées à l'exportation, doivent faire parvenir leurs demandes d'autorisation à l'Administration avant le 1^{er} Septembre, 1884, accompagnées de plans ou indications propres à permettre d'établir l'importance et l'économie de l'établissement proposé.

Concession sera faite aux conditions suivantes:—

1.—La distillerie devra être établie à Saïgon sur le territoire du 29^{me} arrondissement. Tous les bâtiments seront construits en murs de briques converties en tuiles, attenant les uns aux autres et reposant dans une enceinte parfaitement clôture. Un logement convenable, composé de deux pièces et des dépendances nécessaires y sera mis à la disposition de la Régie.

2.—La fabrication et la sortie des alcools seront soumises au régime de l'exercice. Les concessions doivent se soumettre à tous les réglements pris par l'autorité locale pour la surveillance et le contrôle de cette industrie.

3.—Pendant trois saisons et jusqu'à concurrence de 2,000,000 de litres, quel que soit le nombre de établissements en exercice, la fabrication pour l'exportation sera exempt de tout droit dans la Colombie. Pas de déductions, de une à 1,450 Prizes sera à l'Administration pour la rémunération de l'exploitation, le 1^{er} Septembre, 1884, accompagnée d'un décret de l'Assemblée nationale.

4.—Bien que les alcools fabriqués dans ces distilleries soient spécialement destinés à l'exportation, le concessionnaire pourra, au renouvellement des baux, concourir pour l'exploitation d'une ou plusieurs concessions pour la consommation dans l'intérieur de la Colombie, en acquittant les droits et en se soumettant à la réglementation locale.

5.—La distillerie devra être prête à fonctionner le 1^{er} Janvier, 1885.

6.—Le garant devra être agréé par l'Adm.

ministrer.

Intimations.

DENTAL NOTICE.

THE OFFICE of Dr. POATE will be REMOVED from 2, Duddell Street, to Bank Buildings (entrance from Wyndham Street), on and after MONDAY, the 23rd Instant.

Hongkong, June 19, 1884. 1018

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

ON and after the First June next, the STORE of the Undersigned will be REMOVED to the Premises lately in the occupation of MESSRS. ECA DA SILVA & CO., No. 48, Queen's Road.

Hongkong, May 1, 1884. 737

H. FOURNIER & CO., Stockkeepers of Wine Merchants.

Hongkong, May 1, 1884. 737

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned has This Day REMOVED his FURNITURE STORE to the Premises lately occupied by Mr. DUNSTON, No. 6, Queen's Road Central.

A-TACK, Furniture Dealer.

Hongkong, June 12, 1884. 972

WANTED by an ENGLISHMAN a STORE in an Office at Hongkong or at one of the COAST PORTS AS ACCOUNTANT, CORRESPONDENT of GENERAL ASSISTANT in Office Work.

Address J. G.,
OFFICE OF THIS PAPER.

Hongkong, June 18, 1884. 1018

NOTICE.

MISSES GATE & FAIRALL beg to inform the LADIES of Hongkong, that as they are receiving ex S. S. *Glacialis* a Very Large SUPPLY of SUMMER GOODS, consisting of the following:—

LADIES Trimmed and Untrimmed HATS, Boys' and Girls' STRAW BATS, Sun HATS;

Maids' Cloth Muslin ZEPHYRS, Fea-
lured SILKS, Grenadines GAZES, RIB-
BONS, Ribbon VELVETS, LADIES Walk-
ing SHOES, GLOVES, MITTS, and General DEAPERY;

CORSETS, LACES, FLOWERS, WOOLS, and Crewel SILKS, NUN'S Veiling COSTUMES, The Laundry Curling PINS, and Invisible HAIR NETS.

They are now offering their present Stock at 25% discount in order to make space for the new Goods.

N.R.—All Hosiery, Boots, Shoes and many other Articles at 1/2 price.

GATE & FAIRALL,
Next door Hongkong Hotel.
Hongkong, June 17, 1884. 1008

WA SUN,

PICTURE FRAME MAKER and GILDER.

ASSORTED LOOKING GLASSES
FOR SALE.

VASE STAND MAKER, &c., &c.

No. 19, WELLINGTON STREET,
Hongkong.

Hongkong, June 3, 1884. 927

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that by the PROVISIONS made under TWO BILLS of SALE dated respectively the 3rd day of March, 1883, made respectively between ABRAHAM ELEAZER ABRAHAM of the one part, and ALEXANDER ANDAH ECA DA SILVA of the other part, and the said ABRAHAM ELEAZER ABRAHAM and SOLOMON MEYERS of the other part, we, the Undersigned have This Day entered and taken possession of the Premises known as the "NOVELTY STORE" in Marine House, No. 17, Queen's Road, Hongkong, and will transact all BUSINESS from henceforth on our own account and in our Name.

Dated the 14th day of June, 1884.

A. ECA DA SILVA,
S. MEYERS.

1007 Ferme N. S. MEYERS.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that by the PROVISIONS made under a BILL of SALE dated the 15th day of April, 1884, made between ABRAHAM ELEAZER ABRAHAM of the one part and the Undersigned of the other part, I have This Day entered and taken possession of the Premises known as the "INTERNATIONAL PRINTING OFFICE," No. 3, Hollywood Road, Hongkong, and will transact all BUSINESS from henceforth on my own account and in my Name.

Hongkong, dated the 14th day of June, 1884.

J. S. JUDAH.

1,450 Prizes, £50,000. 1,450 Prizes.

THE SYDNEY JOCKEY

TURF CLUB'S MELBOURNE CUP
CONSULTATION—1884.

MEMBERS 21.—1. EADL.

To be run on the Flemington Race Course, Melbourne, in November, 1884.

Distillation as follows:

First Prize, £10,000. Total Prizes, £20,000 each, £1,000

Second Prize, £2,000. Total, £2,000

Third Prize, £1,000. Total, £1,000

Other Prizes, £500. Total, £500

Non. Starred, £1,000. Total, £1,000

Divided, £1,000. Total, £1,000

1st Prize, £1,000. Total, £1,000

2nd Prize, £1,000. Total, £1,000

3rd Prize, £1,000. Total, £1,000

Total, £30,000.

10.—Covers containing Pass-Books, Registered Letters containing Stamps or other Remittances, and generally, correspondence as to the business of the Bank will, if marked On Hongkong Savings' Bank Business, be forwarded free of Postage or Registration Fees by the various British Post Offices in Hongkong and China.

11.—Withdrawals may be made on demand, but the personal attendance of the depositor or his duly appointed agent, and the production of his Pass-Book are necessary.

12.—All documents connected with the business of the Savings' Bank are exempt from stamp duty.

By Order of the Court of Directors,

T. JACKSON,

Chief Manager.

Hongkong, April 25, 1884. 715

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE Reference to the above, BUSI-
NESS will be Commenced on the 1st May, 1884.

For the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION,

T. JACKSON,

Chief Manager.

Hongkong, April 25, 1884. 716

For Sale.



Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions from the MOUNTAIN to Sell by Public Auction, on

SATURDAY,

the 28th June, 1884, at 3 p.m.—

1st Lot.—2 HOUSES No. 124, Hollywood Road, and No. 19, Square Street, being INLAND LOT No. 2250. Yearly Crown Rent £2 9s. 6d.

2nd Lot.—3 HOUSES Nos. 136, 138 and 140, Hollywood Road, and Nos. 31 and 33, Square Street, being INLAND LOTs 2251 and 2252. Yearly Crown Rent £6 6s. 6d.

For Particulars and Conditions, apply to

J. M. GUEDES,

Auctioneer.

Hongkong, June 16, 1884. 996

To Let.

TO LET.

N. O. 25, PRAYA CENTRAL
Nos. 7 and 8, SEYMORE TERRACE,
No. 7, GARDEN ROAD (known as 'H

For Sale.

MacEWEN, FRICKEL & Co.,
No. 63, Queen's Road East,
OPPOSITE THE COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
ARE NOW LANDING
FROM AMERICA.

CALIFORNIA
RAKER
COMPANY'S BISCUITS, in 6 lb.
tins, and Boxes.
Soda BISCUITS.
Assorted BISCUITS.

Small HOMINY.
Cracked WHEAT.
OATMEAL.
CORNMEAL.

TOPOCAN BUTTER.
Eastern and California CHEESE.
CODFISH, Bonito.
Prime HAMS and BACON.
Eagle Brand Condensed MILK.
Family BEEF in 20 lb. lots.
Bona Ideal SALMON in 2 lb. cans.
Cutting Dessert ACES in 2 lb. cans.
Assorted Canned VEGETABLES.
Potted SAUSAGE and Sausage MEAT.

Staffed PEPPERS.
Assorted SOUPS.
Richardson & Robinson's Celebrated Potted MEATS.

Lunch HAM.
Lamb's TONGUE.
Clam CHOWDER.
Fresh OREGON SALMON.
Dried APPLES.
TOMATOES.
SUCCOTASH.
Maple SYRUP.
Golden SYRUP.
LOBSTERS.
OYSTERS.
HONEY.

FAIRBANKS' SCALES.

400 lb. Capacity.
600 lb. "
800 lb. "
1,200 lb. "

AGATE IRON WARE.
INSERTION RUBBER.
TURK'S PATENT PACKING.
HITCHCOCK HOUSE LAMPS.
PERFECTION STUDENT LAMPS.
LAWN BOWLS.
PNEUMATIC RIFLES.
REVOLVERS.
PAINTS and OILS.
TALLOW and TAR.
VARNISHES.

Ex late Arrivals from
ENGLAND.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
S. & T. O. E. S.,
including:

ALMONDS and RAISINS.
FRENCH PLUMS.
TETRISCAU'S DESSERT FRUITS.
JORDAN ALMONDS.

FINE YORK HAMS,
TONIC TONGUES.
BREAKFAST TONGUES.
PATE DE FOIE GRAS.

Digby CHICKS.
Yarmouth BLOATERS.
Kippered HERRINGS.
Herrings & sardines.

LEM. BACON in tins.
COCONUTINA.
VAT HOUTIN'S COCOA.
EPP'S COCOA.

SPARTAN
COOKING STOVES.

CLARETS—
CHATEAU MARGAUX.
CHATEAU LA TOUR, parts & quarters.

12s. GRAVES, "

BREAKFAST CLARET, "

SHERRIES & PORT—
SACCO'S MANZANILLA & AMON-

TILLADO.

SACCO'S OLD INVALID PORT

(1848).

HUNT'S PORT.

BRANDY, WHISKY, LIQUEURS, &c.

1 and 3-star HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

CHIVAS' BRANDY.

FINE OLD BOURBON WHISKY.

KINAHAN'S LL WHISKY.

ROYAL GLENDEE WHISKY.

BOURG'S OLD TONIC.

ROSE'S LIME JUICE CORDIAL.

NOVELTY PRAT & CO.'S VERMOUTH.

JAMESON'S WHISKY.

E. & J. BURKE'S IRISH WHISKY.

ROSE'S LIME JUICE CORDIAL.

NOVELTY PRAT & CO.'S VERMOUTH.

JAMESON'S WHISKY.

MARSALA.

EASTERN CIDER.

CHAMPOUSSE.

MARASCHINO.

CURACAO.

ASQUITH, BONKEE'S and ORANGE BITTERS.

&c., &c., &c.

BASS'S ALE, bottled by CAMERON and SONS, pints and quarts.

GUINNESS'S STOUT, bottled by E. & J. BURKE, pints and quarts.

DRAUGHT ALE and PORTER, by the Gallon.

ALE and PORTER, in hogheads.

SPECIALLY SELECTED

C I G A R S.

Nine New Season's CUMSHAW TEA, in 5 oz. boxes.

BREAKFAST CONGOU @ 25 cents per lb.

MILNER'S PATENT FIRE-PROOF SAFES, CASH and PAPER BOXES, at Manufacturer's Prices.

Hongkong, June 14, 1884. 981

For Sale.

PUBLICATIONS BY J. DYER BALL

"CANTONESE MADE EASY"—A Book of SIMPLE SENTENCES in the CANTONESE COLLOQUIAL, with Free and Literal Translations; and Directions for Rendering English Grammatical Forms into Chinese and vice versa.—Price, \$2. Interleaved Copies, \$2.50.

"We most cordially recommend it."—*China Review*. "Will be found to supply a want long felt by students of Cantonese."—*Daily Press*. "Mr. BALL's book on Chinese and Grammar will be found very valuable."—*China Mail*.

"EASY SENTENCES IN THE HAKKA DIALECT WITH A VOCABULARY."—Price, \$1.

"The Sentences given appear to be well arranged."—*China Mail*. "Contains a wide range of subjects."—*Chinese Recorder*, &c. "An extensive Vocabulary."—*Daily Press*.

FOR SALE at MESSRS. KELLY & WATSON'S, W. BREWSTER'S, and LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.'S, Hongkong; and at MESSRS. THOMAS & CO.'S, London.

Cutting Dessert ACES in 2 lb. cans.

Assorted Canned VEGETABLES.

Potted SAUSAGE and Sausage MEAT.

Staffed PEPPERS.

Assorted SOUPS.

Richardson & Robinson's Celebrated Potted MEATS.

Lunch HAM.

Lamb's TONGUES.

Clam CHOWDER.

Fresh OREGON SALMON.

Dried APPLES.

TOMATOES.

SUCCOTASH.

Maple SYRUP.

Golden SYRUP.

LOBSTERS.

OYSTERS.

HONEY.

Notices to Consignees.

FROM LONDON, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

Intimations.

ROB. SIM & CO.'S PATENT ANTI-FOULING COMPOSITION

as supplied to

Her Majesty's Ships; The P. & O. S. N. Co.;

The Douglas Steamship Company;

The Japanese Government.

SOLE AGENT, CHINA, JAPAN, AND MANLEY

EDWARD GEORGE.

Hongkong, January 31, 1884. 188

To-day's Advertisements.

THE CHINA & MANILA STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE CHINA & MANILA STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

as supplied to

The Co's Steamship

Emerald,

Capt. HUTCHISON will be

despatched for the above

Port TO-MORROW, 21st Inst., at 5 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

RUSSELL & CO.,

General Managers,

Hongkong, June 20, 1884. 1023

NOT Responsible for Debts.

Neither the Captain, the Agents, nor

Owners will be Responsible for

any Debt contracted by the Officers or

Crew of the following Vessel, during

their stay in Hongkong Harbour:—

C. T. HOOG, British steamer, Captain W.

JAVIS.—T. HOWARD & CO.

EL CANTIAN, American ship, Capt. J. E.

SOWALL.—Captain

GREAT ADMIRAL, American ship, Capt.

JAMES F. ROWELL.—Master

HONAWAN, British ship, Captain John

Lane.—Messengers Martines.

LEONORA, American ship, Captain J. F.

POTTERSON.—P. & O. S. N. Co.

MATILDA, American ship, Captain J. G.

Australia.—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

MEDORA, British barque, Captain D. W.

Carter.—Order

STAR OF CHINA, British barque, Captain

Charles Smith.—Machers & Co.

WILLOWWOOD, American barque, Captain

Chas. A. Sawyer.—Machers & Co.

MEMOS. FOR TO-MORROW.

Shipping.

Goods per *Peiho* undelivered after

Noon subject to rent and landing charges.

2 p.m.—*Emey* leaves for Manila.

4 p.m.—*Oceanic* leaves for Shanghai.

5 p.m.—*Hesperia* leaves for Amoy.

6 p.m.—*Esmeralda* leaves for Amoy.

General Memoranda.

SUNDAY, June 22.—

Good per *Hesperia* undelivered after

this date subject to rent.

MONDAY, June 23.—

Good per *Geoffrey* undelivered after

this date subject to rent.

TUESDAY, June 24.—

Transfer Books of The Chinese Insurance

Co., Ltd., closed from this date to the

30th Instant, inclusive.

SATURDAY, June 28.—

3 p.m.—Auction of Houses in Hollywood

Road and Square Street.

MONDAY, June 30.—

Debentures of The China Sugar Refining

Co., Ltd., payable at the office of the

General Agents.

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY,

Established A.D. 1841.

HONGKONG 大醫局

A. S. WATSON & CO.,

FAMILY & DISPENSING CHEMISTS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS,

IMPORTERS

OF

DRUGGISTS' SUPPLIES, NURSERY REQUIRE-

On the arrival of the steamer *Naples* at Cooktown, on her last voyage from Hongkong, she reported that a brigantine, supposed to be the *Pendle Hill*, bound to Normanton, was high and dry on the east end of the Cookburn Reefs. The *Pendle Hill* passed Pigeon Island lightship on the 10th inst. There were no signs of life seen on board. The crew may have been taken off by the steamer *Coral*.

The Rev. J. E. Tenison Woods and Mr. Scortechni have recently completed a very successful exploration of parts of Peralihi, untouched by a white man, and have made some interesting discoveries. On the summit of Gungoo Bubo they found plants which they believe to belong to the ancient flora of the Malay Peninsula, but which are now found principally in Australia; and collections of rare and beautiful fern and other plants have been made by the travellers.—*Stralsund Times*.

CAPTAIN Lockyer, master of the ship *Adelaide*, had his certificate as master suspended for a term by the Navigation Board of Victoria. It appears that Captain Lockyer's certificate had been granted at Melbourne, but he had neither previously registered at Singapore, nor had a certificate, and it appears that the length of those three had happened second-hand in the same vessel.

Part of his possessing a second certificate from Singapore, and using it in contravention of the Queen's Order in Council in 1882, under the Merchant Shipping Act of 1869, created a great discussion in the Marine Board of Adelaide.—*Sydney Times*.

Not exactly. A telegram in the Australian papers says:—“The Oriental Bank stopped payment on Saturday last. Panic is Sydney and Melbourne. Holders of notes are selling them at 10s. each. Confidence is now somewhat reviving. The Government, Singapore, and Hongkong, guarantee the circulation of notes of the respective countries. Australian banks are treating for the purchase of colonial branches.” As the holders of \$200 or \$300 of notes, we should be pleased to see the Government here guarantees their payment.

Wiring of the new treaty between France and China, the *St. James' Gazette* says:— But what is much more important for neutral nations to notice is the fact that France has obtained from China exclusive trading rights with the south-western provinces of the empire. This of course means the attempted predominance of all foreign commerce except that of France in the Far East, which so far French trade has been restricted. But it means in all probability something more than this. What French trading rights with semi-barbarous countries signify we know by this time. The Garnier and the Dupuy will soon be active in Southern China; and the first step towards another and more formidable ‘protectorate’ will already have been taken.

I wonder what would have been thought of the following announcement thirty or forty years ago. Messrs. Wilson and Brown, stockbrokers of No. 5, Angel Court, Throgmorton Street, notify that they have taken Lord Charles Montagu into partnership, and that the style of the firm will be Wilson, Brown and Montagu. A vast change is rapidly coming over the opinions of society with regard to the “City.” Bad times have driven so many sprigs of the nobility eastward, for the purpose of money spinning, that it is no longer possible for patricians to indulge in the snubs against the world's market as formerly. This example is followed, and as in America people now seem to think that the reviving of the old aristocracy is obtainable, if not respectable, so long as it is there. Mr. and Mrs. Ponsonby do Tompkins in *Pierrot* are very real characters, and the back ground which the husband takes in all Dr. Maurice's sketches are very true to life.—London Correspondent.

SAYS THE PORT DARWIN TIMES OF MAY 10TH:—By then, the Whampoa North Australian Pearl Fishing Company shipped 50 cases of pearl shell (containing five tons weight) for sale in the London market. The shell will be transhipped at Hongkong from the Whampoa to one of ‘Holt's’ line of steamers, and will probably reach its destination in 45 days from the date of leaving Port Darwin. This company have two new boats being built in China which are expected to arrive at Port Darwin during the present month. Pearl fishing has been briskly carried on during the past week, and although no heavy finds have been reported, most of the boats engaged have been getting fair results. Like other prospecting ventures *all the seafaring* is the shelling industry cannot be satisfied—two of the Thursday Island boats, the *Mary Ann* and *Her Luck*, are evidently not so—the owner having decided to clear out again. We fear the prospects of new grounds have been somewhat exaggerated by correspondents writing and telegraphing to their friends in the South, and are pleased to see a slight check upon any unjustifiable rush of boats to the port.

On Saturday evening, May 24, between 99 and 40 members of the Palmerston Cricket Club, Port Darwin, assembled in the commercial room of the Palmerston Club Hotel, in answer to an invitation from Captain Green, of the S. S. *Tanadice*, the occasion being the presentation of a very handsome silver cup to the Club, by the *Tanadice* Eleven. Captain Green made the presentation on behalf of the Eleven, and in doing so, said that the Foothow contingent of the *Tanadice* passengers, on her last trip up, were so pleased with the kindness and hospitality shown them by the Palmerston Cricket Club, and by all those with whom they came in contact during their visit here, that they determined to make their appreciation of it by offering a challenge cup, for the highest average score—to be won two seasons before becoming the property of the winner. (Cheers.) He was glad that he had been deputed to discharge such a pleasant duty, but was sorry that he was not able to do better justice to it for speaking just then equalled his batting power, and his score of a duck in the late match, told how “bad” he was. (Cheers and laughter.) It was just as well that the scores of the Eleven were not shown in the inscription on the cup, as well as the name. (Laughter.) He might add, that the inscriptions towards the cup had been so liberal, that they had a good balance after purchasing it, and had tended the surplus over to the Widows' and Orphans' Fund. He was sure all would agree with him that that was a worthy object and that the money could

not be put to a better use. (Cheers.) In the unavoidable absence of the Secretary, Mr. Solomon said, he had much pleasure in returning the hearty thanks of the Palmerston Cricketers, for the very handsome memento of the *Tanadice* match, which Captain Green had that evening presented to them on behalf of the Foothow contingent. He would now read the letter which accompanied the cup, and which ran as follows:—

Hongkong, 11th May, 1884.
The Hon. Secretary,
Palmerston Cricket Club,

Port Darwin.

DEAR SIR.—On behalf of Captain Green, the officers, and the Foothow contingent of passengers per steamer *Tanadice*, on her last voyage from Sydney to Hongkong, I have the pleasure to present you, through our popular Captain, a Challenge Cup, which we should be glad to know you held for the best average score of the season, to be won two consecutive seasons by the same player before becoming his property. We are desirous of showing how thoroughly we esteemed the uninvited guests by all your fellowship extended towards us by all your club collectively and individually, and we hope you will accept this mark of our appreciation in the spirit in which it is given. I remain, Yours faithfully, J. L. Saunders.

Captain *Tanadice* Eleven.

This short clay pipe, we are told in a paper, formerly used by smokers, has of late years been to a great extent supplanted by the wooden pipe, the manufacture of which is now an important industry. Some interesting information respecting these pipes is given in Cunard's trade report on Leghorn, whence the material for making wooden pipes is now largely exported. Similar works are also to be found at Siena and Grosseto. Selected roots of the length preferred being given to the industry, are collected on the hills of the Maremma, where the plant grows luxuriantly and attains a great size. When brought to the factory, the roots are cleared of earth and any decayed parts are cut away. They are then shaped into blocks of various dimensions with a circular saw set in by a small steam-engine. Great dexterity is necessary at this stage in cutting the wood to the best advantage, and it is only after a long apprenticeship that a man is thoroughly efficient. The blocks are then placed in a vat, and subjected to a gentle steaming for a space of twelve hours. During this process they require the rich yellowish-brown hue for which the best pipes are noted, and are then in a condition to receive the final turning; but this is done elsewhere. The rough blocks are packed in sacks containing forty to one hundred dozen each, and sent abroad, principally to France (St. Cloud), where they are finished into the famous G. B. or pipes do bruyere, known to smokers as the Canadien. It was with the Canadien that he was contented him. In the case to which he had referred last week, the question was as to what constituted occupancy, and was not a question of separate tenancy.

JORDAN T. COLONIAL TREASURER.—In this case, the plaintiff, as the agent of M. C. P. Chater, sought to obtain remission of taxes on certain unoccupied flats in the Blue Buildings, on the ground that the flats were separate holdings, or tenements. His Lordship decided the case to-day. He said he had found as a matter of fact that the houses in the Blue Buildings were assessed as one tenement, and were not assessed in flats, as was contended by the plaintiff. He therefore non-suited him. In the case to which he had referred last week, the question was as to what constituted occupancy, and was not a question of separate tenancy.

F. W. ROCH V. VU ASA.—\$15.47.

The plaintiff is a clerk to Messrs. Siemens & Co., and the defendant is the tenant of the Tuk Sing, No. 304, Queen's Road Central. The plaintiff claimed payment of rent from the 20th to 30th April, and stated, \$11.33 rent, and \$4.14 taxes. He stated that he ceased to be landlord of the premises on the 30th April, and that he obtained three months' rent by stamping across the day after his landlordship expired. His Lordship and plaintiff had no right to recover rent by stamp after his ownership had ceased.

The case was adjourned until next week to enable Messrs. Siemens's sheriff to attend, as it was with him defendant had generally dealt.

JAMES ANDERSON V. CARTEIRO.—\$135. Plaintiff claimed \$100 for rent of premises occupied by defendant. Defendant did not appear, and judgment was given in favour of Mr. Anderson.

JACOB E. DOORAH FERRE.—\$5.

Plaintiff was, until ten days ago, a gun lascar, and defendant still belongs to the same corps. According to the statements of plaintiff, and Sergeants Seeth Arum and Madaram, plaintiff obtained his discharge on the 10th instant. On that date, while he was standing outside the cookhouse door, he took a five dollar note from his purse to pay some small debts. Defendant was present, and snatched the note from the plaintiff's hand, and said he would go and get change. To this the plaintiff did not object, as he and defendant had always been like brothers. As defendant did not return, plaintiff complained to Sergeant Madaram, who told plaintiff to wait until the next day. Defendant and a friend named Ramasammy were not present at the roll call, and the vast number of bronze images that are scattered amongst the rivers. No less than thirty-three fortified cities were heard of or visited by Mr. Hallett's party in the basin of the rivers named, and a vast plain was found to extend with but three small water partings, from the Kiang Tung plateau to Bangkok. All the powers of the country were eager in affording aid to the party, and every means was taken to prevent any unnecessary hindrance from occurring.

The desire for the railway was unanimous, and its construction would be welcomed and aided by all the states that are under the protection of Siam. The King of Burma is harassing the independent Shan states that throw off their yoke two or three years ago, and vast areas are said to have been devastated by the orders of this infamous ruler.

A CORRESPONDENT OF THE RANGOON GAZETTE writes as follows:—

Akyab, May 19.—A terrific Cyclone struck at Akyab on Saturday. The *Alexander Rossin*, a loaded vessel, which has been stranded, nine miles of water in her hold; she will probably become a total wreck; the *Loch Linne* and the *Fiji*, in ballast, have also stranded. The Commissioner's house, the Deputy Commissioner's house, and Mr. Duncan's have been burnt. The residence of Messrs. Mohr Brothers and Co. and the Chartered Bank are in ruins. The Agent and Accountant, and the French Consul had a narrow escape in getting clear. The Government Treasury Buildings have been unroofed, also the Court Record Rooms. A portion of the hospital has been blown away. The embankment of the Strand Road and the Stone Wharf have been considerably damaged. Nearly every house is more or less damaged.

Most of the gardens at the rice mills have been uprooted, large trees in every direction have been rooted up, and are lying across the roads; traffic is impossible on any of the roads. Colonel Spearman, the Deputy Commissioner, has been most energetic in clearing the roads and looking after the safety of the residents. A corrugated iron roof, about twenty feet square, was blown about five hundred yards, and landed on the branches of a tree fifteen feet from the ground. The Government steam-launch *Brilliant* has foundered near the Main Wharf. The cyclone attained its greatest height on Saturday night, at nine o'clock. The barometer fell to twenty-nine tenths. The weather is still unsettled.

Later advice, dated May 20, states that:—

The Opier Reef Lighthouse is supposed to have disappeared.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

All the ships in harbour were ashore;

one has been floated, two are likely to be

savaged, and one is doubtful, but not hope-

less.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

The damage done to the town, the mills and the shipping is estimated at over £100,000.

MAILS.

NOTICE.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.
PAQUEBOTS POSTE FRANCAIS.

STEAM FOR
SAIGON, SINGAPORE, BATAVIA,
COLOMBO, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID,
MEDITERRANEAN AND BLACK
SEA PORTS.

NAPLES, MARSEILLES, AND PORTS
OF BRAZIL AND LA PLATA;

ALSO LONDON AND ANTWERP.

ON THURSDAY the 26th June, 1884, at noon, the Company's S. S. *SAGITTARIUS*, Commander Howey, with MAILS, PASSENGERS, SPECIE, and CARGO, will leave this Port for the above places.

Carry and Specie will be registered for London as well as for Marseilles, and accepted in transit through Marseilles for the principal places of Europe.

Shipping Orders will be granted until noon of 5th June, 1884.

Cargo will be received on board until 4 p.m., Specie and Parcels until 5 p.m., on the 25th June, 1884. (Parcels are limited to 8 ounces, and must not exceed these dimensions: 8 inches by 4 inches by 2 inches.)

Contents and value of Packages are required.

For further particulars, apply at the Company's Office.

I. MARTIN,
Acting Agent.

Hongkong, June 13, 1884. 976

Occidental & Oriental Steam-
Ship Company.

TAKING CARGO AND PASSENGERS
TO JAPAN, THE UNITED
STATES, MEXICO, CENTRAL AND
SOUTH AMERICA, AND EUROPE,
VIA
THE OVERLAND RAILWAYS,
AND
ATLANTIC & OTHER CONNECTING
STEAMERS.

THE S. S. *OCEANIC* will be despatched
for San Francisco, via Yokohama,
on WEDNESDAY, the 2nd July, at 3 p.m.

Connection being made at Yokohama,
with Steamers from Shanghai and Japan
ports.

All Parcel Packages should be marked to
address in full; and same will be received
at the Company's Office, until 5 p.m. the
day previous to sailing.

Passenger Passengers, who
have paid full fare, reembarking at San
Francisco for China or Japan (see *below*)
within six months, will be allowed a discount
of 20% from Return Fare; if re-embarking
within a year, a discount of 10% will
be allowed from Return Fare. Pre-Paid Re-
turn Passage Orders, available for one year,
will be issued at a Discount of 25% from
Return Fare. These allowances do not apply
to through fares from China and Japan to
Europe.

Comular Invoices to accompany Cargo
destined to ports beyond San Francisco,
should be sent to the Company's Offices
addressed to the Collector of Customs, San
Francisco.

For further information as to Freight
and Passage, apply to the Agency of the
Company, No. 694, Queen's Road Central.

F. E. FOSTER,
Agent.

Hongkong, June 16, 1884. 1000

INSURANCES.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER OF
His Majesty King George the First,
A. D. 1729.

THE Undersigned having been appointed
Agents for the above Corporation are
prepared to grant Insurances as follows:

Marine Department.

Policies at current rates, payable either
here, in London, or at the principal Ports
of India, China and Australia.

Fire Department.

Policies issued for long or short periods at
current rates.

Bij Department.

Policies issued for sums not exceeding
£5,000 at reduced rates.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & CO.
Hongkong, July 23, 1872. 406

THE STRAITS INSURANCE COM-
PANY, LIMITED.

THE Undersigned having been appointed
Agents for the above Company are
prepared to GRANT Policies on MARINE
RISKS to all parts of the World, at current
rates.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & CO.

Hongkong, November 5, 1883. 853

NOTICE.

QUEEN FIRE INSURANCE COM-
PANY.

THE Undersigned are prepared to accept
Risks on First Class Godowns at
per cent, not premium per annum.

NORTON & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, May 19, 1881. 938

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE
INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned, Agents of the above
Company, are authorized to insure
against FIRE at Current Rates.

GILMAN & CO.

Hongkong, January 1, 1882. 14

LANCASHIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY.

(FIRE AND LIFE.)

CAPITAL,—TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

THE Undersigned are prepared to grant
POLICIES against the Risks of FIRE on
Buildings or on Goods stored therein, on
Goods or Vessel and on Hulls of
Vessels in Harbour, at the usual Terms
and Conditions.

Proposals for Life Assurances will be re-
ceived, and transmitted to the Directors
for their decision.

If required, protection will be granted on
first class Lives up to £1000 on a Single
Life.

Rates of Premiums, forms of pro-
posals or any other information, apply to

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & CO.,

Agents, Hongkong & Canton.

Hongkong, January 4, 1887. 1000

Hongkong Rates of Postage.

In the following Statements and Tables
the Rates are given in cents, and are for
Letters per half ounce, for Books and
Patterns, per two ounces.

Newspapers over four ounces in weight
are charged as double, triple, &c., as the
case may be, but such papers or packets of
papers may be sent at Book Rate. Two
Newspapers must not be folded together as
one, nor must *anything* whatever be inserted
except bona fide Supplements. Printed
matter may, however, be enclosed, if the
whole be paid at Book Rate. Prices of
Books may be paid either as Newspapers or
Books.

Commercial Papers signify such papers
as, though Written by Hand, do not bear
the character of an actual or personal cor-
respondence, such as invoices, deeds, copied
music, &c. The charge on them is the same
as for books, but, whatever the weight of
a packet containing any partially written
paper, it will not be charged less than
the amount of \$10.

The public are cautioned not to con-
found these facilities with a *Parcel Post* to
Europe, &c., which does not exist.

It is necessary that the following rules
be strictly observed.

1. No Letter or Packet, whether to be
registered or unregistered, can be received
for Postage if it contains gold or silver
money, jewels, precious articles, or any-
thing, as a general rule, in liable to
Customs duties.

2. This Regulation prohibits the sending
of Patterns of durable articles, unless
the Postmaster is not responsible for
Postage if it contains gold or silver
money, jewels, precious articles, or any-
thing, as a general rule, in liable to
Customs duties.

3. The limits of weight allowed are as
follows:—

Books and Papers— to British Offices,
5 lbs.; to the Continent, &c., 4 lbs.

Patterns— to British Offices, 5 lbs. if with-
out intrinsic value; to the Continent
&c., 8 oz.

4. The following cannot be transmitted:
Parcels insufficiently packed or protected,
&c., &c.; Opium, Glass, Lithographs (in half-tones),
Matches, India, Dyestuffs, Ice, &c., &c.

5. Parcels are as a general rule forwarded
by Private Ship, not by Contract
Packet. To India they are forwarded by
the P. & O. and Indian Mail Packets only,
to Ceylon by P. & O. only. No responsi-
bility is accepted with regard to any
parcel, unless bona fide Supplements.

Printed matter may, however, be enclosed, if the
whole be paid at Book Rate. Prices of
Books may be paid either as Newspapers or
Books.

Commercial Papers signify such papers
as, though Written by Hand, do not bear
the character of an actual or personal cor-
respondence, such as invoices, deeds, copied
music, &c. The charge on them is the same
as for books, but, whatever the weight of
a packet containing any partially written
paper, it will not be charged less than
the amount of \$10.

The public are cautioned not to con-
found these facilities with a *Parcel Post* to
Europe, &c., which does not exist.

It is necessary that the following rules
be strictly observed.

1. No Letter or Packet, whether to be
registered or unregistered, can be received
for Postage if it contains gold or silver
money, jewels, precious articles, or any-
thing, as a general rule, in liable to
Customs duties.

2. This Regulation prohibits the sending
of Patterns of durable articles, unless
the Postmaster is not responsible for
Postage if it contains gold or silver
money, jewels, precious articles, or any-
thing, as a general rule, in liable to
Customs duties.

3. The limits of weight allowed are as
follows:—

Books and Papers— to British Offices,
5 lbs.; to the Continent, &c., 4 lbs.

Patterns— to British Offices, 5 lbs. if with-
out intrinsic value; to the Continent
&c., 8 oz.

4. The following cannot be transmitted:
Parcels insufficiently packed or protected,
&c., &c.; Opium, Glass, Lithographs (in half-tones),
Matches, India, Dyestuffs, Ice, &c., &c.

5. Parcels are as a general rule forwarded
by Private Ship, not by Contract
Packet. To India they are forwarded by
the P. & O. and Indian Mail Packets only,
to Ceylon by P. & O. only. No responsi-
bility is accepted with regard to any
parcel, unless bona fide Supplements.

Printed matter may, however, be enclosed, if the
whole be paid at Book Rate. Prices of
Books may be paid either as Newspapers or
Books.

Commercial Papers signify such papers
as, though Written by Hand, do not bear
the character of an actual or personal cor-
respondence, such as invoices, deeds, copied
music, &c. The charge on them is the same
as for books, but, whatever the weight of
a packet containing any partially written
paper, it will not be charged less than
the amount of \$10.

The public are cautioned not to con-
found these facilities with a *Parcel Post* to
Europe, &c., which does not exist.

It is necessary that the following rules
be strictly observed.

1. No Letter or Packet, whether to be
registered or unregistered, can be received
for Postage if it contains gold or silver
money, jewels, precious articles, or any-
thing, as a general rule, in liable to
Customs duties.

2. This Regulation prohibits the sending
of Patterns of durable articles, unless
the Postmaster is not responsible for
Postage if it contains gold or silver
money, jewels, precious articles, or any-
thing, as a general rule, in liable to
Customs duties.

3. The limits of weight allowed are as
follows:—

Books and Papers— to British Offices,
5 lbs.; to the Continent, &c., 4 lbs.

Patterns— to British Offices, 5 lbs. if with-
out intrinsic value; to the Continent
&c., 8 oz.

4. The following cannot be transmitted:
Parcels insufficiently packed or protected,
&c., &c.; Opium, Glass, Lithographs (in half-tones),
Matches, India, Dyestuffs, Ice, &c., &c.

5. Parcels are as a general rule forwarded
by Private Ship, not by Contract
Packet. To India they are forwarded by
the P. & O. and Indian Mail Packets only,
to Ceylon by P. & O. only. No responsi-
bility is accepted with regard to any
parcel, unless bona fide Supplements.

Printed matter may, however, be enclosed, if the
whole be paid at Book Rate. Prices of
Books may be paid either as Newspapers or
Books.

Commercial Papers signify such papers
as, though Written by Hand, do not bear
the character of an actual or personal cor-
respondence, such as invoices, deeds, copied
music, &c. The charge on them is the same
as for books, but, whatever the weight of
a packet containing any partially written
paper, it will not be charged less than
the amount of \$10.

The public are cautioned not to con-
found these facilities with a *Parcel Post* to
Europe, &c., which does not exist.

It is necessary that the following rules
be strictly observed.

1. No Letter or Packet, whether to be
registered or unregistered, can be received
for Postage if it contains gold or silver
money, jewels, precious articles, or any-
thing, as a general rule, in liable to
Customs duties.

2. This Regulation prohibits the sending
of Patterns of durable articles, unless
the Postmaster is not responsible for
Postage if it contains gold or silver
money, jewels, precious articles, or any-
thing, as a general rule, in liable to
Customs duties.

3. The limits of weight allowed are as
follows:—

Books and Papers— to British Offices,
5 lbs.; to the Continent, &c., 4 lbs.

Patterns— to British Offices, 5 lbs. if with-
out intrinsic value; to the Continent
&c., 8 oz.

4. The following cannot be transmitted:
Parcels insufficiently packed or protected,
&c., &c.; Opium, Glass, Lithographs (in half-tones),
Matches, India, Dyestuffs, Ice, &c., &c.

5. Parcels are as a general rule forwarded
by Private Ship, not by Contract
Packet. To India they are forwarded by
the P. & O. and Indian Mail Packets only,
to Ceylon by P. & O. only. No responsi-
bility is accepted with regard to any
parcel, unless bona fide Supplements.

Printed matter may, however, be enclosed, if the
whole be paid at Book Rate. Prices of
Books may be paid either as Newspapers or
Books.

Commercial Papers signify such papers
as, though Written by Hand, do not bear
the character of an actual or personal cor-
respondence, such as invoices, deeds, copied
music, &c. The charge on them is the same
as for books, but, whatever the weight of
a packet containing any partially written
paper, it will not be charged less than
the amount of \$10.

The public are cautioned not to con-
found these facilities with a *Parcel Post* to
Europe, &c., which does not exist.

It is necessary that the following rules
be strictly observed.

1. No Letter or Packet, whether to be
registered or unregistered, can be received
for Postage if it contains gold or silver
money, jewels, precious articles, or any-
thing, as a general rule, in liable to
Customs duties.

2. This Regulation prohibits the sending
of Patterns of durable articles, unless
the Postmaster is not responsible for
Postage if it contains gold or silver
money, jewels, precious articles, or any-
thing, as a general rule, in liable to
Customs duties.

3. The limits of weight allowed are as
follows:—

Books and Papers— to British Offices,
5 lbs.; to the Continent, &c., 4 lbs.

Patterns— to British Offices, 5 lbs. if with-
out intrinsic value; to the Continent
&c., 8 oz.

<div data-bbox="207 828 323